## THE SHAPER OF MODULATING SQUARE WAVES

## CH.O.QAJAR, S.A.MUSAYEV, I.Z.MOVSUMOV, M.R.MENZELEYEV

Institute of Physics of National Science Academy of Azerbaijan

The displacement of measured value of the resonant frequency of centers of microwave spectral lines of some rotational and rotationally vibrational transitions of asymmetric top molecules was observed. The shaper of zero-based square-waves eliminating of such displacements was designed and tested in a hybrid microwave spectrometer.

The Stark modulation in microwave spectroscopy has many advantages, but sometimes the values of frequency of spectral lines centers measured by this method were displaced. The careful analysis of such spectral lines has shown, that the displacement of their resonant frequencies is caused by a displacement of zero level of modulating squarewaves. It was confirmed by dependence of the resonant frequency of transition  $s4_{32}$ - $s4_{22}$  28543,079 MHz (ethanol, gauche form) on magnitude of displacement of zero level of square-wave (fig. 1). As it follows from this figure, even a little change of voltage of zero level of zero-based square-wave displaces measured value of frequency of a spectral line center on a few megahertz.



*Fig.1* A curve of dependence of displacement of resonant frequency of transition  $s_{4_{32}}$ - $s_{4_{22}}$  28543,079 MHz of spectral line of gaucheethanol molecule on magnitude of voltage of displacement of zero level of modulating square wave

The purpose of the present paper was working out the square-wave shaper with minimum displacement of a zero level. In well-known analogs of such shaper [1-3] a displacement of zero level sometimes reaches too high values, because of use of high-voltage bipolar transistors in output stages of shaper. Switchover of such transistors into state of saturation requires the particular shape and power of controlling impulses with necessity of high-voltage uncoupling. However even residual voltage of collector emitter transition of the bipolar transistors in the opened state creates a displacement of zero level of square wave. Therefore special monitoring and compensation of such displacement is required. The presented shaper of modulating square waves (SMSW) is constructed on the basis of modern MOSFET-transistors having low values of resistance of a conducting drain - source channel in an opened state [4]. The control of the transistors is carried out by a special chip of high voltage, high-speed power MOSFET and IGBT drivers with dependent high and low side referenced output channels [5].

The shaper consists of the following functional blocks (fig. 2):



*Fig.2.* Functional diagram of shaper of modulating square waves.

□ Regulated power source of stabilized voltage RPSSV;

- □ Internal quartz oscillator IQO;
- □ Frequency converter FC;
- □ Input and output threshold elements TE1, TE2;
- □ Output shaping device OSD;
- □ Measuring limiter ML.

The schematic diagram of SMSW is presented on a fig. 3.



Fig.3. Schematic diagram of shaper of modulating square waves



*Fig. 4.* Records of transition s4<sub>32</sub>-a4<sub>22</sub> 28543,079 MHz of spectral line of gauche-ethanol molecule at different values of amplitude of modulating square wave a) U=2,5V; b) U=5V; c) U=7,5V; d) U=10V

The harmonic signal of external driving generator incoming to input of the threshold element TE1 is converts to impulse. The frequency of these impulses sequence is divided on 2 in the FC constructed on basis of flip-flop circuit (chip 4013). The pulse signal from an exit of a frequency converter transits into an input of the shaping device consisting of the half bridge driver U9 (chip IRF2104) [5] and shaping output switches Q3, Q4, as which the MOSFET transistors with an isolated gate and 1.4 Ohm resistance of an open channel IRF 830 is used [4]. The amplitude of output zero-based square wave is determined by a value of voltage of RPSSV. The exit of the shaper is in accord with a load (wavequide cell) by adjusting of a potentiometer R5. The reference signal of phase-sensitive detector of the registering part of spectrometer is formed in a frequency converter and through a threshold element TE2 (Schmidt flip-flop U2B of a chip 4093) comes to the corresponding SMSW exit.

During the process of testing of the shaper the value of voltage of zero level displacement was measured by oscilloscope by instrumentality of amplitude limiter ML (R7, R6, D2).

The use in the shaper of modern element base has allowed to reduce a voltage of zero level displacement up to values, at which its influence to an accuracy of measurement of spectral lines centers frequencies becomes negligible. It is confirmed by record of spectral line mentioned above (fig. 4).

Thus, necessity for monitoring and compensation of a zero level displacement of modulating impulses for separate transitions has disappeared and it enables to realize continuous record of a spectrum in an automatic mode.

- [1] Radiospectrometer with electrical molecular modulation. Int. of AS of Azerb. SSR, part of PTMS, 1979, № 1 pp.100-107.
- [2] Ch. Townes, A. Shavlov Radiospectroscopy., 1959. p.756.
- [3] C.O. Britt. Solit state microwave spectrometer. Rev. Sci. Instrum, 1967, v. 38, № 10, p.1496-1501.

Moreover, range of operating frequencies has essentially extended, that enables to select an optimum relation of sensitivity and resolution of the measuring equipment at the record of spectral lines.

SMSW stably works in a frequency range from 20 Hz up to 600 kHz and in all range of operating frequencies has the following characteristics:

- $\Box$  Amplitude of output impulses 0÷100 V;
- $\Box$  Off-duty factor 2;
- □ Duration of front of impulses, no more than 300 ns;
- □ Duration of cutoff of impulses, no more than 250 ns;
- □ Loading capacitance, not less than 1000 pF;
- Displacement of a zero level, no more than 10 mV.
- [4] SMPS MOSFET IRF830A, Data Sheet № PD-91878C, International Rectifier, 05/2000.
- [5] High and low side driver IRF2104(s), Data Sheet № PD-60046-O, International Rectifier, 02/15/2001.

## Ç.O. Qacar, S.A. Musayev, İ.Z. Mövsümov, M.R. Menzeleyev

# MODULYASİYAEDİCİ İMPULSLARIN FORMALAŞDIRICISI

Asimmetrik fırfıra tipli molekulların bəzi fırlanma və rəqsi fırlanma keçidlərinin rezonans tezlikli mikrodalğalı spektral xətlərinin mərkəzlərinin ölçülən qiymətlərinin sürüşməsi müşahidə olunmuşdur. Bu sürüşmənin yaranma səbəblərini aradan qaldıfrmağa imkan verən modulyasiyaedici unipolyar impulsları formalanşdıran qurğu hazırlanmış və hibrid spektrometrin tərkibində sınaqdan çıxarılmışdır.

#### Ч.О. Каджар, С.А. Мусаев, И.З. Мовсумов, М.Р. Мензелеев

### ФОРМИРОВАТЕЛЬ МОДУЛИРУЮЩИХ ИМПУЛЬСОВ

Обнаружено смещение измеряемого значения резонансной частоты центров микроволновых спектральных линий некоторых вращательных и вращательно-колебательных переходов молекул типа ассиметричного волчка. Разработан, изготовлен и испытан в гибридном спектрометре формирователь модулирующих электрических импульсов, устраняющий причины возникновения таких смещений.

Received: 09.12.02