

**Prism Coupling Method
To Measure The
Effective indices of The
Fiber Modes**

The method works the same way as the conventional prism-film coupling technique used in Integrated Optics (see e.g., Tamir, 1975).

● refractive index of Prism: $n_p > n$ of waveguide

➔ So the Prism interacts with the waveguide modes through the evanescent fields

■ For integrated waveguides, prism is kept directly on top of the waveguide

■ But for fiber, where the modal field is normally not accessible,
Fiber is side polished and prism is placed on top of the polished surface

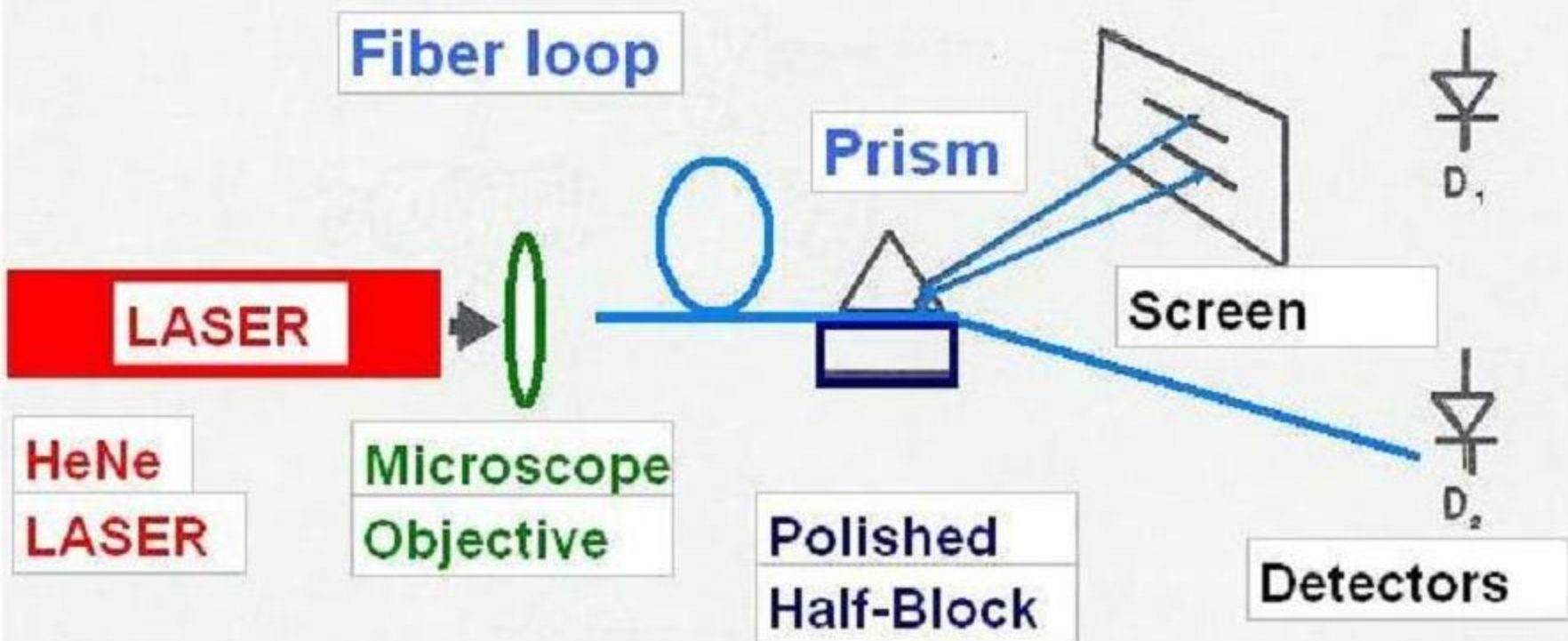
Ref. : Such a technique has been used earlier

Midwinter, 1979 : to selectively excite particular groups of modes in a multimode fiber

Sorin *et al.*, (1986) : for the measurement of propagation constant of LP_{01} and LP_{02} modes of a dual-mode fiber

Thyagarajan *et al.*, (1986): measuring the birefringence of a high-birefringent fiber

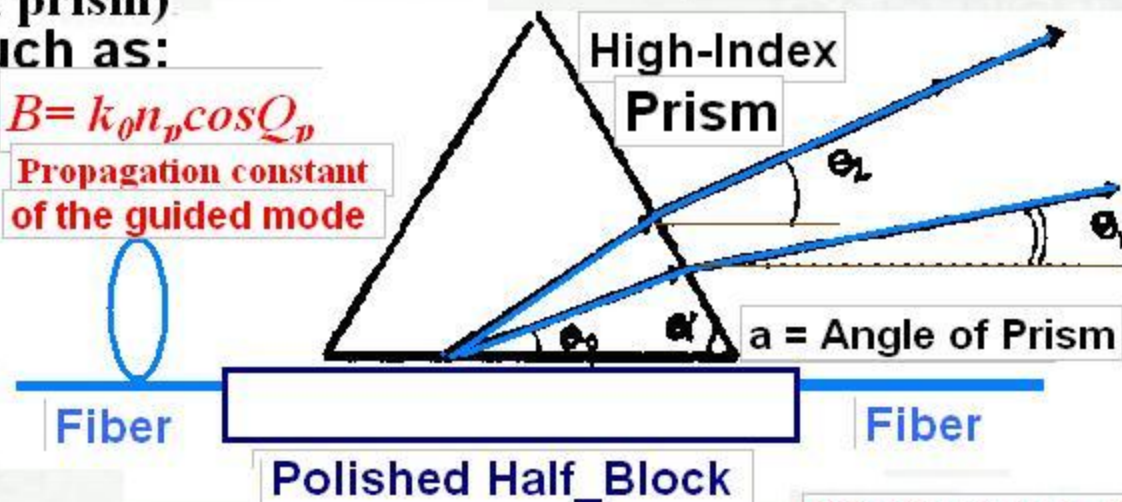
Prism coupling technique



Each guided mode is decoupled (in prism) leaving the fiber at a specific angle Q_p such as:

$$B = k_0 n_p \cos Q_p$$

Propagation constant of the guided mode



Q1 and Q2 correspond to the output coupling angles of LP01 & LP02 modes respectively

Effective index of the modes can be calculated by the this formula

$$\frac{\beta_m}{k_0} = n_p \sin \left\{ \alpha + \sin^{-1} \frac{\cos(\alpha + \theta_m)}{n_p} \right\} \quad m = 1, 2$$

In our Experiments with SMF

wavelength of laser = 0.633 micrometer

Angle of Prism (α) = 57.31 degree

Prism index (n_p) = 1.525

measured angle for LP01 = 8.03 degree

Calculated effective index for LP01 (B/k_0) = 1.4619

In our Experiments with DMF

wavelength of laser = 0.543 micrometer

Angle of Prism (α) = 57.31 degree

Prism index (n_p) = 1.525

measured angle for LP01 (Q1) = 7.29 degree

measured angle for LP01 (Q2) = 7.98 degree

Calculated effective index for LP01 (B_{01}/k_0) = 1.4633

Calculated effective index for LP11 (B_{11}/k_0) = 1.4602

END

Thanks